

# Portugal



## Country Overview:

Location: Southwestern Europe, bordering the North Atlantic Ocean, west of Spain

Size: 92,090 sq km

Population: 10,799,270 (July

2013 est.)

Capital: Lisbon

Exports-commodities: agricultural, oil, and food products, wood and cork, textiles, clothing, footwear, minerals, metals, machinery, transport material

Imports-commodities: Computer accessories, semi-conductors and related devices, household goods, passenger cars, wine products

Currency: Euro (EUR)

Ethnic groups: Homogeneous Mediterranean stock

Religion: Roman Catholic 84.5%

Government type: Republic; parliamentary democracy

Chief of State: President Anibal CAVACO SILVA (since 9 March 2006)

Head of Government: Prime Minister Pedro Manuel Mamede PASSOS COELHO

Language: Portuguese (official), Mirandese (official, but locally used)



## Portuguese Republic/Republica Portuguese

# Meetings and **Negotiations**

- -Arriving on time for a meeting is important, as punctuality is valued.
- -At a first meeting a regular handshake will suffice. However, if greeting a women, it is customary for her to offer a hand
- -Address the Portuguese directly with the titles of Señhor or Señhora and their surnames.
- -It is typical for the Portuguese to take time when negotiating. Avoid rushing your business partner and remain patient.
- -Interpersonal chemistry and familial relations are important concepts and highly influential in the success or failure of business negotiations. Meetings are structured but not overly formal.
- -The Portuguese respect hierarchical business

relationships. Decisions are usually made from the top down.

-Do not take either verbal or written statements as given. Meetings and documents are regarded as approximations and a first step towards further business negotiation.

## **Business Attire**

- -Portuguese are traditional and conservative. Additionally, people are fashion conscious; clothes are indicative of social standing and success.
- -Men: Long-sleeved shirts and ties
- -Women: Conservative and fashionable is best. Dress pants appropriate.
- -Do **not** remove your jacket unless done by your associates.

## **Behavior**

-Table **manners** are extremely important. A knife and fork are to be used.

-Do not be alarmed if you are casually interrupted, several people speaking at once is a normal occurrence.

## Gift Giving

- -Initial business meetings do **not** generally warrant an exchange of gifts.
- -If given, gifts are typically opened immediately after being received.
- -Accept gifts as a **personal** exchange; do not offer to distribute to staff members.

## **Appropriate Gifts:**

-Gifts representative of your home (American) culture, personal dress items such as a tie or scarf, company branded gifts with high perceived value

#### **Gifts to Avoid:**

-Gifts in numbers of 13, the color red (symbolic of the revolution), lilies and Chrysanthemums as these are associated with death

# Business Tips continued

#### Conversation

- -Maintain eye contact while speaking. It is both expected and appreciated.
- -Remain polite but not overly direct, a confrontational or aggressive attitude is deemed highly offensive.
- -Communication is often more

on the formal side in public while less so in private.

- -Portuguese people often speak quickly and somewhat loudly. Do not interpret this show of emotion as anger or displeasure as it is quite **commonly** displayed.
- -Face-to-face communication is preferable to more impersonal written or electronic alternatives.

-During conversation, defer to **seniority** of age or position.

## **Topics to Discuss:**

-Food, Portuguese wine and climate, soccer, family, movies, travel, music, literature

#### **Topics to Avoid:**

-Careers, positions, salaries, religion, sports other than soccer





















