

# Rwanda



## **Country Overview:**

Location: Central Africa, east of Democratic Republic of the Congo

Size: 26,338 sq km

Population: 12,012,589 (July 2013 est.)

Capital: Kigali

Exports-commodities: coffee, tea, hides, tin ore

Imports-commodities: foodstuffs, machinery and equipment, steel, petroleum products, cement and construction material

Currency: Rwandan Francs (RWF)

Ethnic groups: Hutu (Bantu) 84%, Tutsi (Hamitic) 15%, Twa (Pygmy)

Religion: Roman Catholic 56.5%, Protestant 26%, Adventist 11.1%, Muslim 4.6%, indigenous beliefs 0.1%, none 1.7% (2001)

Government type: republic; presidential, multiparty system

Chief of State: President Paul KAGAME (since 22 April 2000)

Head of Government: Prime Minister Pierre Damien HABUMUREMYI (since 7 October 2011)

Language: Kinyarwanda (official, universal Bantu vernacular), French (official), English (official), Kiswahili (Swahili, used in commercial centers)



# Republic of Rwanda / Republika y'u Rwanda

## Meetings and Negotiations

- -Use your right hand when shaking hands. Shaking hands is expected in business or government meetings.
- -Men greeting men a handshake is appropriate.
- -Women greeting women a handshake and/or nod of acknowledgment is appropriate.
- -Greetings between men & women – a handshake is usually appropriate but it is best to wait for the woman to extend her hand, otherwise a bow or a nod of acknowledgment will suffice.
- **-Punctuality** tends to be more valued in business situations, but deadlines are often not met.
- -Time is fluid in this culture; however government officials will almost always be on time because they emphasize punctuality as one of their main values.

#### **Business Attire**

- People in Kigali take pride in their appearance and dress up.
- Men wear suits, a tie, and dress shoes.
- Women typically will wear conservative dresses and conservative blouses.

#### **Behavior**

- -In interpersonal relationships, it is **common** for Rwandans to be 30 minutes to an hour late; flexibility is encouraged. Often, Rwandans expect foreigners to be on time, even if they are not.
- -They like to take their time; relationship building is very important in Rwandan culture.
- -Personal space tends to be very minimal. People often talk very close to each other and less than an arm's length is common in most situations.
- -When two people of the same

- sex are talking, touching is acceptable. When two people of the opposite sex talk there is very little to no touching.
- -Generally, people prefer indirect eye contact. Overly direct eye contact can be considered aggressive.
- -When gesturing or beckoning for someone to come, Rwandans place the palm downwards and make a scratching motion with the fingers.
- -It is **rude** to point at people, as pointing is reserved for dogs, so usually the whole hand/arm is used.

## Gift Giving

-use both hands when giving a gift

#### **Appropriate Gifts:**

-food items, books

#### **Gifts to Avoid:**

-expensive gifts

# Business Tips continued

#### Conversation

- -Rwandans tend to be very indirect, talking around issues instead of discussing them directly. Conversations are usually preceded by questions about the family, etc. and other niceties.
- -Some terms in Kinyarwanda: A simple "Mwaramutse" in the
- morning (or "Mwiriwe" in the afternoon) will make people smile and open up to you. They enjoy meeting foreigners who make an effort to learn their language and culture.
- -Humor plays a big role in communicating and most Rwandans enjoy a good joke. However, avoid sarcasm because

it may not translate well.

#### **Topics to Discuss:**

-food, the Rwandan landscape, your home country, sports, and the weather

### Topics to Avoid:

- asking about someone's ethnicity, making any referral to the war/ genocide, discussing politics, or





















